



The Vagabond

CONSOLIDATE

Read and Answer

A. Answer the following questions :

- Ans.**
1. As the poet is a vagabond, he asks for a life where a river should go by him and a heaven above him. He wants lanes near him and a bed in the bush with stars to see. The poet love to live with the minimum requirements of life.
 2. The poet does not want wealth. Neither he wants love, nor a friends to know him.
 3. The poet requires the bed in the bush, bread for food and river water to drink and nothing more.
 4. In winter the entire field will be covered with snow and ice and there will be shortage of food.
 5. Yes, the poet loves nature because as we know that he is wishing for the natural thing to lead his life. For example he wishes to have a bed in the bush to see the stars at night.
 6. Because the fingers are cold.
 7. We all must have heard if not seen vagabonds, homeless wanders aimless and mostly penny-less, roaming throughout the lands. Wherever their feet may take them, a life subject to no restriction, people who do not have an indentity credit cards, bank accounts, cars or property, they feed themselves with whatever luck may give them and go where their fate takes them.
If seen from another perspective they are both pitiable and worthy of being jealous of, a person about whom nobody knows of, when was he born what did he do throughout his life, how he passes his life without all the comforts and necessities of life. What does he do throughout the day and most importantly what does he feel about himself and the world around him. A world which constantly ignores him. There is no means of support for him.
A person who spends time in this world and vanishes one day without achieving anything, without leaving behind anything or at times without a proper funeral. A man without identity without dreams, no family to trace back to.
 8. He must be talking to Almighty God.
 9. The author describes in this line that the weather will not change his mind or make him weak. Wheather it is autumn or winter he will suffer with balance.
 10. In autumn the face of nature will be of different nature. The trees will get rid of their leaves. Everywhere there will by gloominess. In winter the nature will turn cold. Frost will come to the earth to make people feel cold and frosty.

B. Read the poem carefully and choose the option which best explains the meaning of the following lines :

Ans. 1. c. 2. b. 3. c.

Talking Time

C. Do it yourself.

Word World

D. Which of the following words can be used to describe the kind of life the vagabond wants :

Ans. Vagabond wants a comfortable and adventurous life. Vagabond is often a solitary. He seeks an easy life and wants to settle down. He needs a life without any responsibility. Thus his life is tension free, as he wants it to be.

E. Do it yourself.

EXTEND

Write Away

F. Do it yourself.

RELATE

G. Do it yourself.



Mystical Japan

CONSOLIDATE

Read and Answer

A. Answer the following questions :

- Ans.**
1. When one thinks of Japan, they may think of bustling cities crammed with people, or a romanticised world of kimono-clad women and tea houses. Many of these things can be found in Japan.
 2. The author saw more than she expected in Japan. The place that most impressed her was the serene, mythical Japan she found on Miyajima Islands. Miyajima Islands is short train and ferry ride from Hiroshima.
 3. Approaching the islands the author saw Mount Misen, the large red Otorri gate shimmering on the water and a gate named Shinto shrine.
 4. The Shinto religion believes that spirits have always been living in nature and in animals.
 5. The top of Mount Misen presents the story book vision of Japan found in Zen ink paintings. The smaller, surrounding islands faded off into the mist below. The most special treat of all was to be greeted by hundreds of small monkeys walking freely around the mountain. Families of monkeys just gaze as we walked by, enjoying the serenity and beauty of this magical place. The monkeys, deer, trees, sea and mountains have helped me have a better understanding of why this site became a shrine. They also convinced me that the mythical places of Japanese ink paintings really do exist.
 6. Yes. Miyajima Islands can be a model of how civilisation and nature

can live in harmony. Upon arriving the islands, you are welcomed by a greeting community of wild deer. The Shinto religion believes that spirits have always been living in nature and in animals. Therefore the deer are left unharmed and are able to run about freely.

The Itsukushima Shrine is wonderful floating shrine that is situated on the beach. As the tides change, water flows underneath the shrine giving the illusion of a floating oasis. The shrine pays homage to the spirits that reside in nature and also in those of the sea. Architecture and nature work in perfect harmony to do this and this shrine has been exemplifying for years the belief or shinto that all these elements are unified.

7. The author call Japan a mystical land because he saw more beautiful and awesome things and places than she expected.

CREATE

Working Power

- B. Do it yourself.

Talking Time

- C. Do it yourself.

Word World

D. Complete the table as directed :

Ans.	Noun/Verb	Adjective	Opposite
1.	comfort	comfortable	uncomfortable
2.	hink	hinky	relaxed
3.	success	successful	unsuccessful
4.	regularity	regular	irregular
5.	happiness	happy	unhappy
6.	wisdom	wise	fool
7.	capability	capable	incapable
8.	hero	heroic	villain
9.	power	powerful	weak
10.	agree	agreeable	disagree

E. Cross out the word which is not a synonym of the highlighted word :

Ans. 1.	illusion	mirage	phantasm	glorious
2.	harmony	amity	jarring	melodious
3.	precarious	shallow	risky	insecure
4.	lush	abundant	luxurious	barren
5.	tranquil	mediation	placid	serene
6.	regal	sovereign	domestic	majestic
7.	legendary	mythical	illustrious	daily
8.	spiritual	earthy	sacred	pure

Language Ladder

F. Now make sentences in the perfect continuous tenses, using the words in brackets :

- Ans. 1. I **have been waiting** (wait) for you for the past three hours.
 2. She **has been staying** (stay) with her aunt for the last three years.

3. We **had been** very busy **preparing** (prepare) dinner for our guests last night.
4. He **has been teaching** (teach) in that school since 2003.
5. Sheena **had been working** (work) on this project till 11 pm yesterday.

G. State whether these sentences are transitive or intransitive and underling the object wherever applicable :

- | | | |
|-------------|--|--------------|
| Ans. | 1. Dhoni hit the <u>ball</u> for a six. | Transitive |
| | 2. My father baked me a <u>cake</u> for my birthday. | Transitive |
| | 3. She screamed angrily. | Intransitive |
| | 4. Shah Rukh Khan has a lot of <u>fans</u> . | Transitive |
| | 5. My mother loves <u>ice cream</u> . | Transitive |
| | 6. The performers were relaxing in the <u>green</u> . | Transitive |
| | 7. The early monsoon destroyed the <u>crops</u> . | Transitive |
| | 8. They worked very hard to win the <u>competition</u> . | Transitive |

EXTEND

Write Away

- H.** Do it yourself.

RELATE

Fun Time

- I.** Do it yourself.
J. Do it yourself.



Journey by Night

CONSOLIDATE

Read and Answer

A. Answer the following questions orally :

- Ans.** 1. The name of two brothers were Sher Singh and Kunwar.
 2. The people called their father as Bahadur.
 3. Sher Singh was twelve years old.

B. Tick (3) the correct option :

- Ans.** 1. b. 2. b. 3. c. 4. b.

C. Fill in the blanks :

- Ans.** 1. The hospital was **80** kms away.
 2. Sher Singh's father was known as **Bahadur**.
 3. The name of their village is **Laldwani**.
 4. Sher Singh chilld with **ice-cold water**.
 5. Sher Singh felt shy of the **big building**.

D. Answer the following questions :

- Ans.** 1. A tiger attacked Sher Singh Bahadur and left claw-scars on his back and shoulder because he was pulling a comrade away from a tiger.
 2. Sher Singh could feel the heat of the boy's body burning through the cotton cloth because he was effected by the cholera and influenza.
 3. The doctor told Sher Singh that his brother would live and he asked him to go and see.

4. When Sher Singh heard the doctor's report, he would be satisfied and happy.

Word World

E. Here are some pairs of words, write S if they are synonyms or A if they are antonyms :

- Ans.** 1. Angrily and aggressively **S**
2. Humbly and arrogantly **A**
3. Desperately and frantically **S**
4. Nervously and calmly **A**
5. Apologetically and regretfully **S**
6. Sadly and dejectedly **S**

F. Write opposite words for the following :

- Ans.** 1. attack **defend** 2. bravery **cowardice**
3. cheerful **sadly** 4. deep **shallow**
5. fortunate **misfortunate** 6. sorrow

Language Ladder

G. Use each set of words to frame questions using 'for how long' or 'since'. Then answer the questions in the past perfect or present perfect continuous tense. Use for or since in your answers :

- Ans.** 1. Anand/played chess.
For how long has Anand played chess?
Anand has been playing chess since the age of eight.
2. For how long have Latika and Shruti been shopping?
Latika and Shruti have been shopping since morning.
3. For how long has Saba been collecting stamps?
Saba has been collecting stamps for eight years.
4. For how long has it been raining heavily?
It has been raining heavily since yesterday evening.
5. For how long have the pups been sleeping?
The pups have been sleeping since afternoon.

Talking Time

- H.** Do it yourself.



Grandfather and Toto

CONSOLIDATE

Read and Answer

A. Answer the following questions orally :

- Ans.** 1. Grandfather bought the Toto. 2. The monkey's name was Toto.
3. Grandfather was fond of pets but grandmother was not.

B. Tick (3) the correct answer :

- Ans.** 1. a. 2. c. 3. b. 4. d.

C. Fill in the blanks :

- Ans.** 1. Grandfather bought Toto for **the sum of five rupees.**

- Grandfather seemed pleased with **Toto's performance** antics in the closet.
- Grandfather loved to keep **pets**.
- Grandfather gave **Nana** a slap across her haunches.
- Toto remained in the bag as far as **Saharanpur**.

D. State whether the following statements are true or false :

Ans. 1. F 2. F 3. T 4. F 5. T 6. F

E. Answer the following questions :

- Ans.**
- Grandfather bought the monkey to add it in his private zoo.
 - Grandfather decided it to transport to Saharanpur by putting it in canvas bag.
 - One day it was lunch time. A large dish of pullao stood in the centre of the dining table. When the author entered the room to find Toto stuffing himself with rice. Toto threw a plate at her. And when author's aunt rushed forward he threw a glass of water at her face and when author's grandfather arrived, he picked up the dish of pullao and made his exit through the window.
 - Finally Grandfather returned Toto to the tonga driver because it had become out of control.
 - Toto was a pretty monkey. His bright eyes sparkled with mischief beneath deep-set eyebrows, and his teeth, which were a pearly white, were very often displayed in a smile that frightened the life out of elderly Anglo-Indian ladies.

Word World

F. Fill in the blanks with the correct homophones from the brackets:

- Ans.**
- Rohit **threw** away the seeds by mistake.
 - The priest asked them to go **forth** and spread the message of peace. (fourth/forth)
 - I did not understand the **principal** 's words (principal/principle)
 - You must get to the **root** of the problem. (route/root)
 - Neha had to work as a **maid** to earn some money. (maid/made)
 - The **weather** on the island was unpredictable. (weather/whether).

G. Use the following sets of homophones in your own sentences to bring out the difference in words of each set :

- Ans.**
- Session : The session is about to be over.
Cession : This big cession is upto last of this month.
 - Career : Your career is looking very bright.
Carrier : I will send your luggage by any carrier.
 - Sore : He has many sores this is why he is crying.
Soar : Now a days he is soaring very high.
 - Meddle : He meddled in my matter.
Medal : The gold medal was won by Indian boxer.
 - Break : Break the stick into two.
Brake : All the vehicles have brake to shop them.

Language Ladder

H. Rewrite these sentences in the active voice :

- Ans.** 1. The minister flagged a new train.

2. The children planted the mango saplings.
3. A woman pilot flew the airplane.
4. The President announced the names of the Bravery Award.
5. Many migratory birds visited the Bharatpur sanctuary this year.

I. Rewrite these sentences in the passive voice :

- Ans.**
1. A novel is being read by Pawan.
 2. The posters are being made by Tina and her friends.
 3. A sewing machine was purchased by Priya.
 4. The book shelves are dusted by Abdul.
 5. Mount Everest was climbed by Edmund Hillary and Tenzing Norgay.

EXTEND

Write Away

- J.** Do it yourself.

RELATE

Fun Time

- K.** Do it yourself.



The Stranger

CONSOLIDATE

Read and Answer

A. Answer the following questions orally :

- Ans.**
1. Grandfather was feeling loneliness and depressed in the house because he had to leave China after world war-II and he was thinking about only his country.
 2. Jason was unable to understand his grandfather because he couldn't understand Chinese language.

B. Tick (3) the correct option :

- Ans.** 1. b. 2. c. 3. b.

C. Fill in the blanks :

- Ans.**
1. Jason's grandfather was from **Chinese** background.
 2. Grandfather brought **Chinese Chess** for Jason.
 3. Jason gave **headset** to his grandfather.
 4. **February** was the month of the Chinese New Year.

D. State whether the following statement True or False :

- Ans.** 1. F 2. F 3. F 4. F 5. F

E. Answer the following questions :

- Ans.**
1. Grandfather was the general inspector in Chinese army.
 2. The gifts which were brought for the children were Chinese chess and some sort of beanbag. The children couldn't understand the gifts. So after some days they didn't touch them.
 3. Grandfather and Grandmother put all their money and valuable things with them along with their both of children they left China for Taiwan.
 4. John bought the headset for his grandfather as a Christmas gift. When

- he came to know about that gift through my mother, he became very happy.
5. When the whole family drove from Naperville to Chinatown in Chicago, Grandfather looked the Chinese culture everywhere. Looking it he began to feel comfortable in Jason's home.

Word World

F. Fill in the blanks with correct words from the box to complete these idioms. Now match the idioms with their meaning:

- Ans.** 1. **Pull** someone's leg. (f) tease or fool someone for a joke.
 2. **tickle** a funny bone (e) make one laugh
 3. have a **green** thumb (a) able to make plants grow easily
 4. all **ears** (d) listen very carefully
 5. button your **lips** (c) keep quiet
 6. **head** in the clouds (b) not paying attention

Language Ladder

G. Insert the adverbs given within brackets and rewrite the sentences :

- Ans.** 1. However he could see that they were very angry.
 2. He fearfully looked around.
 3. Probably he would have run away, if he could have.
 4. They heard a voice sharply speak out from behind.
 5. Only he had recently arrived in Holland.
 6. They menacingly stepped towards him.

Talking Time

Ans. Do it yourself.

EXTEND

Write Away

Ans. Do it yourself.

RELATE

Fun Time

Ans. Do it yourself.



The Solitary Reaper

CONSOLIDATE

Read and Answer

A. Answer the following questions orally :

- Ans.** 1. The islanders find the voice of the cuckoo-bird thrilling because it was a lonely place.
 2. The poet reacted to the maiden's songs as a sad song because according to him that maiden was in sad mood.

B. Tick (3) the correct answer :

- Ans.** 1. a. 2. a. 3. a. 4. d.

C. Read the following extracts of the poem and answer the questions:

1. No nightingale did ever chaunt,
 More welcome notes to weary bands,
 Of travellers in some shady haunt,

Among Arabian sands.

- Ans.** (a) The nightingale sang for nobody.
(b) The travellers are weary because they are walking on the sand.
2. Will no one tell me what she sings?
Perhaps the plaintive numbers flow
For old, unhappy, far-off things
And battles long ago.
- Ans.** (a) The poet asks the question because he is unable to understand his language.
(b) The girl seems to be singing for herself. She is singing a sad song.
(c) The theme of the song is her sadness, loneliness.
3. I saw her singing at her work'
And o'er the sickle bending;
- Ans.** (a) The poet does't know the meaning of the girl's song.
(b) According to the poet the girl is looking very sad, and she wants the express her grief through her singing.

D. Answer the following questions :

- Ans.** 1. The poem has been set at an island near Scotland.
2. The poet compares the young girl's song to the singing of cuckoo.
3. Highland lass, A melancholy strain.

Word World

E. Match the two columns :

- Ans.** 1. a herd of cattle
2. a bunch of grapes
3. a heap of stones
4. a bouquet of flowers
5. a swarm of bees
6. an army of soldiers

F. Write one word for these :

- Ans.** 1. One who trains a horse **Horse trainer**
2. One who looks after sheep **sheperd**
3. One who rides and controls an elephant **Mahoot**
4. The person who controls wild animals in a circus **Trainer**

Language Ladder

G. Write F for finite or N for non-finite for the underlined verbs :

- Ans.** 1. My aunt served me hot dosas. **F**
2. Parineeta plays tennis every day. **F**
3. They are looking for the stolen car . **N**
4. We were sleeping when father returned. **N**
5. The boy spoke only to the teacher. **F**
6. Running is a good exercise. **N**
7. We watch a play every week. **N**
8. We found the puppy hiding under the bed. **N**
9. They were asked to go home . **N**
10. Peter runs to school every day. **F**

RELATE

Fun Time

- Ans.** Do it yourself.

EXTEND

Write Away

H. Imagine you are Dr Dass. Write a letter to your sister, telling her how you managed to buy the house and what your future plans are about the garden which you intend to have outside the house.

Ans. Dear Sister,

I have reached here safely. I have arranged a house with a great difficulty. Here I found the houses very costly. Anyhow I got success to buy house for six lacs. It is looking very beautiful having a beautiful garden. Most of time I would pass in the garden and have fresh air. I wish if you were with me, you also feel a great delightment in natural atmosphere. OK sister I stop my letter. I will see you very soon.

Yours lovingly
brother

I. Do it yourself.



Thank You, Jochen!

CONSOLIDATE

Read and Answer

A. Answer the following questions orally :

- Ans.** 1. Sunday was the worst day of the week.
2. The name of restaurant was Black Knight Restaurant.
3. Football was played by Jochen and his father.

B. Tick (3) the correct option :

- Ans.** 1. b. 2. a. 3. c.

C. Fill in the blanks :

- Ans.** 1. **Sunday** was the worst day of the weak.
2. Jochen's father was good at **table tennis**.
3. Jochen had a glass of **milk** instead of **cold drink**.
4. Jochen made good **spaghetti** for his mother.
5. Jochen did win the game of **memory**.

D. Answer the following questions :

- Ans.** 1. Jochen disliked Sunday because on this day his mother had no time for him.
2. Jochen's mother's smile was not real at the restaurant because she had been very tired, even then she had to smile.
3. Jochen wanted to bring the real smile back into her eyes so he pulled the door shut behind him and hung his jacket on a hanger on the hall-stand. Then he put on his slippers and washed his hands. He cleaned up his room, something his mother repeatedly asked him to do. He also tidied up his mother's bedroom and vacuum-cleaned the whole flat. He washed the dishes and put them away. Then he treated himself to a massive sandwich of ham, cucumbers, mayonnaise and tomato ketchup. Instead of a cold drink, he had a glass of milk.
4. Jochan had been completely changed now he was taking interest in every work. He did all the works in favour of his mother. He made his mother happy.

Word World

E. Use these phrases in the following sentences :

- Ans.**
1. He is a **poorly-dressed** person.
 2. Sita bought a **highly priced** dress.
 3. We must have a **valid ticket** for travelling in a train.
 4. My coat is really **worn-out**.
 5. Rashid found that the train was **over-crowded**.
 6. It was very difficult to find a **vacant seat** in the over-crowded train.
 7. A **well-dressed** lady walked into the shop.

Language Ladder

F. Fill in the blanks with 'for' or 'to' :

- Ans.**
1. The mangoes are **for** my wife.
 2. A hen is cheaper **to** feed than a sheep.
 3. I sold the horse **for** the donkey.
 4. She always agrees **to** my decisions.
 5. They made a plan **to** deceive him.
 6. His wife was waiting **for** her husband.
 7. You will pay the same amount **to** us.
 8. I shall use money **to** buy another horse.
 9. I exchanged the donkey **for** a sheep.
 10. What have you brought **for** me?

G. Use the present perfect continuous tense of the verbs within the brackets to make correct sentences.

Ans. The government agencies

1. School meals for primary and secondary has been providing for many years.
2. They have been supplying the equipment to primary and secondary schools since 2013.
3. People have been creating communal meeting in some areas of this localities for a week.
4. Your have been constructing temporary shelter for many days.
5. The ministers have been visiting to the affected communities to show care and support.
6. They have been distributing the disaster preparedness and risk reduction materials for a month.
7. They have been providing the temporary offices and equipments to fishery associations for two years.

H. Do it yourself.

I. Match the columns to make appropriate sentences.

- Ans.**
- | | |
|---|--------------------------|
| 1. I have been waiting at the station for | a. two hours. |
| 2. I hear that the train has been held up since | b. 10 am. |
| 3. However, I have been entertaining myself since | c. then. |
| 4. I have been watching some children play for | d. fifteen minutes. |
| 5. They have been having a water-drinking competition for | e. the last ten minutes. |

J. God sent mothers to fill his place. What is the importance of your mother for you? Explain :

Ans. A mother's role is to love her children with all her heart. It is after the role of every mom to understand her children when a child feels this, he or she learns

7. as busy as a **bee**

8. as dull as **ditch water**

9. as heavy as **lead**

10. as cunning as a **fox**

F. Find the meanings of the following words and describe the action :

- Ans.**
- | | |
|-----------|-----------------------------|
| 1. broil | to cook |
| 2. bake | to cook in an oven |
| 3. whisk | to move with something |
| 4. knead | to work and press into mass |
| 5. chop | to cut into pieces |
| 6. slice | to cut into slices |
| 7. grill | to make angry |
| 8. mash | to reduce into pulpy state |
| 9. grind | to make smaller by breaking |
| 10. saute | to fly |

Language Ladder

G. Form gerunds with the given verbs and fill up the blank with a suitable gerund so formed.

- Ans.**
1. I like **shining** my shoes
 2. A horse lover never likes **whipping**
 3. My aunt likes **teaching** in evening college.
 4. My mother is fond of music **singing** is her pastime.
 5. Boys should not start **shaving** until their beard shows out.
 6. **Touching** the head of a disciple is an act of **blessing**
 7. **Buying** and **selling** is the profession of any shopkeeper.
 8. Rohan is not at all a keen student. He prefers **playing** to **studing**
 9. **Skimg** is a winter sport in Kashmir.

Talking Time

H. Wah! You sing well. We often use interjections such as Alas ! Great ! fantastic ! to express our reactions to certain situations. Use suitable interjections in sentences to respond to these situations.

- Ans.**
1. Your teacher has just announced that you have been selected for a music competition.
 2. The doctor has advised you to rest and you have a match the next day.
 3. You meet your grandmother after two years.
 4. Alas! My grandmother had died.
 5. Fantastic! You have a great talent of singing.

EXTEND

Write Away

- I.** Do it yourself.



The Model Millionaire

CONSOLIDATE

Read and Answer

A. Answer the following questions orally :

- Ans.** 1. Hughie Erskine is the wealthy person.

2. There is no use of being a charming fellow. It is better to have a permanent income than to be fascinating.
3. The old beggar was one of the richest men of Europe.

B. Tick (3) the correct option :

Ans. 1. d. 2. c. 3. a. 4. a.

C. Read these sentences from the text. Answer the questions that follow :

Ans. 1. "..... to you painters, his face is his fortune."

(a) Hughie (b) Trevor

(c) The beggar's wretched appearance of great value to an artist because that picture was of one on the richest men of Europe.

2. "What a duffer he must think me."

(a) Hughie (b) Trevor

(c) Hausberg

(d) He said this because Hausberg was one of the richest men of Europe and was in beggar's roll.

D. Answer the following questions :

Ans. 1. The things which Hughie never realized the great truth of the modern life that there is no use in being a charming fellow. It is better to have a permanent income than to be fascinating.

2. Yes, Hughie was a good natured person because he felt pity for the poor condition of Baron Hausberg and give him a gold coin in spite of nothing leaving only that coin.

3. Trevor liked Hughie for he was good person and he would also love the same girl to whom Hughie.

4. The model's appearance was of an old beggar while the person who was in the role of beggar was one of the richest persons of Europe.

5. The old beggar was Baron Hausberg, one of the richest men of Europe. Who could buy London anytime.

E. Explain the given line in your own words :

Ans. "Millionaire models are rare enough means only few models become millionaires," "but model millionaires are rare still" means even fewer millionaires are considered role model in the world.

Word World

F. Choose the correct word from the box to complete these similes :

Ans. 1. as proud as a **peacock**

2. as quick as **lightning**

3. as sly as a **fox**

4. as pretty as a **rose**

5. as tough as **leather**

6. as loud as **thunder**

7. as quiet as a **mouse**

8. as light as a **feather**

Language Ladder

G. Complete these sentences with an adjectival clause using the information in the story :

Ans. 1. The stone-cutter was a careful workman, who **worked very hard**.

2. A spirit, which **was kind**, appeared to men and helped them.

3. A prince sat under a golden umbrella, which **was looking very beautiful**.

4. His face was covered by a cloud that **was very beautiful**.

H. Complete the main clauses in these sentences :

Ans. 1. The stone-cutter **in fine dress** that lay between the Sun and the Earth.

- The cloud of **dark colour**, which made the rivers overflow the banks.
- The cloud of **dark colour**, which was mightier than the Sun.
- The rock of **huge shine**, who could be stronger than the cloud.

I. Underline the adjectives in these sentences and name their degree of comparison :

- | | |
|--|--|
| <p>Ans. 1. Shiela is the <u>oldest</u> cinema hall in Delhi.
 2. Grandfather is the <u>eldest</u> member in our family.
 3. Madhu is <u>more intelligent</u> than Sudha.
 4. Are apples the <u>most expensive</u> of all the fruits?
 5. Ram is <u>older</u> than Shyam.
 6. The Duke of Milan had known <u>happier</u> days.
 7. Prospero raised a <u>fearful</u> storm.</p> | <p>Superlative
 Superlative
 Comperative
 Superlative
 Comperative
 Comperative
 Positive</p> |
|--|--|

Talking Time

- J.** Do it yourself.

EXTEND

Write Away

- K.** Do it yourself.



Friends and Flatterers

CONSOLIDATE

Read and Answer

A. Answer the following questions orally :

- Ans.** 1. If I have lots of money, we should not express it to others and try to be poor if in that condition anybody support me, he will be true friend.
 2. I think it may be for he had expressed his experience through this poem.
 3. Do it yourself.

B. Tick (3) the correct options :

- Ans.** 1. b. 2. d. 3. a.

C. Answer the following questions :

- Ans.** 1. If we are wasteful, flatterers would say us lie to make us fool.
 2. (a) A real friend is infact friend in need. One who weeps on our sorrow. One cannot sleep if we are restless. One who feels all our griefs as his own.
 (b) It is necessary for us to know these signs so that we cannot be deceived.
 (c) Oxymoron speech is used in the last line—faithful friend from flattering foe.
 3. (a) A faithful friend.
 (b) the time when you can't sleep because of worry

D. Explain these lines with reference to context :

- Ans.** 1. **Reference :** These lines have been taken from the poem 'Friends and Flatterers' by William Shakespeare.

Context : In these lines the behaviour of a selfish friend is described.

Explanation : In these lines the poet says that a selfish man never help you when you are in need whether he has a lot of money.

Reference : These lines have been taken from the poem 'Friends and Flatters' by William Shakespeare.

Context : In these lines the qualities of a good friend are described.

Explanation : The real friend is the one who cannot watch his friend go through trouble. He shares his friend's worries and suffers as it is his own worry.

Word World

E. Fill in the blanks with the correct words from the box :

- Ans.**
1. The house of my **dreams** would have a swing in every room.
 2. Instead of **day dreaming** it would be better if you paid attention to the teacher.
 3. I have a **dream** that one day poverty and intolerance will be completely wiped out.
 4. Siddhartha's **dreamy** looks suggest that he is once more imagining himself as a famous tennis player.
 5. John is **dreaming** of the day when he grows up and joins the Indian Army.

Language Ladder

F. Join the sentences with conjunctions from the box. Then rewrite them in your notebook making the necessary changes :

- Ans.**
1. You must ring the bell when I will give you the signal.
 2. I meet you at the library when the meeting will be over.
 3. You cannot travel comfortable unless you must have a reserved seat.
 4. Take an umbrella with you because it will rain today.
 5. I have neither seen the film nor read the book.
 6. You cannot travel comfortable unless you must have a reserved seat.
 7. Wait for me in the library until I come.
 8. Would you like to have a tea or coffee?
 9. He loves her but he does not accept it.
 10. The train left the station before he reached there.

G. Rewrite the following sentences using not only and but also :

- Ans.**
1. In the new dance school you can learn not only Bharatnatyam but also Kuchipuri, Odissi and Kathak.
 2. In the school bookshop they have not only text books but also story books.
 3. There are not only cars, motorcycles, auto-rickshaws but also cycles and pedestrians on the roads.
 4. I like not only mangoes, apples but also guavas and litchis.
 5. He not only learnt well but also wrote beautifully and paid his whole attention to examination.
 6. She is not only beautifully but also intelligent, hard working and kind.

EXTEND

Write Away

H. A debate is an argument or discussion expressing different opinions. Write points for a debate, either For or Against the following topic.

- Ans.** According to me a debate is a discussion because on any topic, any person may discuss if he has enough knowledge about that. In such condition we have to face different kind of views. Sometime we come to know such kind of knowledge which cannot be imagined by us. In other words we can say that different kinds of people have different kind of minds to know or study about anybody. It may be that other person's thinking power is stronger than us. Debate is always good for our knowledge but it must be healthy. It should not be painful for anybody's feelings.

CONSOLIDATE

Read and Answer

A. Answer the following questions orally :

- Ans.** 1. The name of institution was the Hampton Normal and Agricultural Institute.
2. The author had gone to Hampton in 1872.

B. Tick (3) the correct option :

- Ans.** 1. c. 2. a. 3. b.

C. State whether the following statements are true or false :

- Ans.** 1. T 2. F 3. T 4. F 5. F

D. Answer the following questions :

- Ans.** 1. The author heard about the school for coloured people in a coal mine, where two miners were taking about it.
2. The author's only ambition was to go to Hampton.
3. When the author reached Virginia, he was tired, hungry and dirty.
4. The author reached Hampton by walking, begging rides both in wagons and in the cars, in some way.
5. The order given to the author by the principal was to sweep the adjoining recitation room with broom.

Word World

E. Fill in the blanks with suitable antonyms :

- Ans.** 1. hard luck — **good** luck
2. hard sum — **easy** sum
3. harsh voice — **sweet** voice
4. harsh punishment — **gentle** punishment
5. light weight — **heavy** weight
6. light colour — **dark** colour
7. fair work — **dirty** work
8. fair complexion — **dark** complexion

Language Ladder

F. Now join the following sentences by using noun clause :

- Ans.** 1. We think that they will pass.
2. I am sure that Ram is honest.
3. We listened what you said.
4. It is correct that you have passed.
5. It is a fact that the sun rises in the east.

G. Punctuate these sentences using capitals where necessary :

- Ans.** 1. Mr Krishna stays at Atlantic Hotel whenever he is in Chennai.
2. Work hard otherwise you may fail.
3. Have you ever been to Marina Beach. It is the longest beach in India.
4. The girls danced merily, cheerfully and beautifully.
5. My Uncle knows English, Tamil, Telugu, Kannada and Hindi.

Talking Time

H. Share your views on importance of education, with your partner.

Ans. Do it yourself

RELATE

Fun Time

I. Collect some information about the people who suffered hardships in education.

Ans. Do it yourself



The Experiments With Truth

CONSOLIDATE

Read and Answer

A. Answer the following questions orally :

- Ans.** 1. Gandhiji's books and lessons were his sole companions in his childhood.
2. Doraji Gimi was the name of Gandhiji's headmaster.
3. Gandhiji's handwriting was very poor.

B. Tick (3) the correct options :

- Ans.** 1. b. 2. a. 3. c. 4. c.

C. Every incident of Gandhiji's life taught him something. Given below are some incidents from his life. Read these incidents and write the lesson that Gandhiji learnt from them :

- Ans.** 1. He thought why all the people should not be like Harishchandra.
2. Devotion to the parents.
3. He was painted and wanted to prove himself as innocent.
4. Bad handwriting was regarded as a sign of imperfect education.
5. A clean confession combined with a promise never to commit the sin again in the purest type of repentance.

D. Fill in the blanks :

- Ans.** 1. My books and my lessons were my, **sole** companions.
2. One picture in the book showed **Shravana** carrying his parents on **pilgrimage**.
3. He had made **gymnastic** and **cricket** compulsory and I disliked both.
4. How was I to prove my **innocence**.
5. I **committed** a theft when I was fifteen, I had run into a debt of about **twenty five** rupees.

E. Answer the following questions :

- Ans.** 1. Gandhiji was inspired by reading the story about the devotion of Shraavan Kumar for his blind parents and truthfulness of King Harishchandra.
2. Once Gandhiji had to go to school for gymnastic at 4 o'clock in the noon. Due to over clouded sky he was deceived and got late. For that he was convicted of lying. For this he was pained very much. On the basis of this incident we can say that he was a punctual person.
3. Gandhiji's was fond of reading books. According to him there is no education in gymnastic and in cricket. This is why Gandhiji would dislike both of games.

- When Gandhiji went to South Africa and saw very good hand writing of a lawyer, due to it he was ashamed of himself, because his hand writing was not good.
- Gandhiji stole gold from his brother's armlet because he was in debt and wanted to clear that debt.
- A clean confession, combined with a promise never to commit the sin again is the purest type of repentance.

Word World

F. Pick the odd word out and encircle it.

- Ans.** 1. road 2. earth 3. aeroplane
4. flower 5. sea

Language Ladder

G. Combine the pairs of sentences given below using “who”.

For eg : (a) The girl is wearing a red sweater

(b) The girl is Sarita

The girl who is wearing a red sweater is Sarita.

- (a) Seema studies in class VII
(b) Seema is the most brilliant student of the class.
Ans. Seema who studies in class VII is the most brilliant of the class.
- (a) The boy is wearing a blue cap.
(b) The boy is the tallest boy in the class.
Ans. The boy who is wearing a blue cap is the tallest boy in the class.
- (a) Rohan helps the boy
(b) The boy is blind
Ans. Rohan who helps a blind boy.
- (a) Peter is a good story teller
(b) Peter is telling an interesting story.
Ans. Peter who is a good story teller is telling an interesting story.

Talking Time

H. After reading the lesson about Gandhiji's truthfulness, talk in groups of four, what we should do to make our life purposeful.

Ans. Do it yourself

EXTEND

Write Away

I. This chapter is a collection of Gandhiji's real-life incidents and experiences in the school, which taught him what one should do or one should not do in the school. List atleast five things that you think a student should do in the school. Also write atleast five things that a student should not do in the school.

- Ans.** A student should always be punctual.
A student should always be obedient.
A student should be respected to his/her elders and teachers.
A student should always be careful about his work.
A student should be hardworking.
A student shouldn't be careless.
A student should not be rude.
A student should not be lazy.
A student should not be late for school.

A student should not pay any attention towards bad deeds.

J. Do it yourself.

RELATE

Fun Time

K. Find out and write Gandhiji's contribution in freedom struggle :

Ans. One of the first series of non violent protests nationwide was the non cooperation movement started by Mahatma Gandhi. Non cooperation movement was basically aimed at making the Indians aware of the fact the British government can be opposed and if done actively, it will keep a check on them.

After the Quit India Movement the freedom struggle got even more intense and passionate. Entire India was united together in the movement for freedom struggle. The cry of Purna Swaraj or complete independence was raised. After much sacrifices and efforts, India gained its independence on the 15th August, 1947.



My Brave Horse

CONSOLIDATE

Read and Answer

A. Answer the following questions orally :

Ans. 1. The name of horse was Bulbul.

2. Ramzan's father shouted on the horse because he had thrown him down.

3. When a heavy branch of tree fell on Ramzan's shoulder, he fell from the horse.

B. Tick (3) the correct option :

Ans. 1. a. 2. c.

C. Fill in the blanks :

Ans. 1. Ramzan mounted the horse and rode towards **Pahalgam**.

2. A big branch fell and struck Ramzan heavily on the **shoulder**.

3. **He** stopped in front of the house, reared up and whinnied loudly.

4. **Bulbul** had come to fetch Ramzan's father.

5. Ramzan's face was blue from the **cold** and pinched with **pain**.

D. Answer the following questions :

Ans. 1. Ramzan's father wanted Bulbul to sell because it could not balance him and threw him down.

2. When Ramzan's father saw Bulbul without his son, he thought that it must throw his son down.

3. Ramzan and Bulbul shared a special relationship. Yes, I'm agree because he galloped to his house to fetch his father to save his life. If was always with Ramzan when he was in pain.

Word World

E. Rearrange the jumbled letters to form meaningful words :

Example : semunoc = consume

Ans. sillh	h	hills	amfle	f	flame
wsigt	t	twigs	sntu	n	nuts
lipe	p	pile	yelow	y	yellow

dow o w wood lkof f folk.

Language Ladder

F. Rewrite the following sentences in indirect form. One has been done as an example.

Example :- Direct form :

Sangeeta said to me, "What's your name?"

Indirect form :

Sangeeta asked me what my name was.

- Ans.** 1. He asked me what I was doing.
2. Neha asked her son where he was going.
3. Priya asked the boy where he lived.
4. The headmaster enquired the students which lesson they were reading that day.
5. The students asked the teacher when they would visit Van Vihar.
6. He asked John what he liked the most.
7. He asked his brother what he wanted.

Talking Time

G. Loyalty is a noble virtue. How can we be loyal to our family, friends and country? Discuss in class.

Ans. Do it yourself.



The Happy Prince

CONSOLIDATE

Read and Answer

A. Answer the following questions orally :

- Ans.** 1. Statue of Happy Prince is installed on a high pedestal because it was gilded all over with thin leaves.
2. The swallow wanted to go to Egypt.
3. The swallow helped the Prince.

B. Tick (3) the correct option :

Ans. 1. a. 2. b. 3. a. 4. b.

C. Fill in the blanks :

- Ans.** 1. The ruby has fallen out of Prince's **sword hilt**.
2. The little boys wore **scarlet caps** and skated on the **ice**.
3. The eyes of the Happy Prince were filled with **tears**.
4. The broken **lead heart** did not melt in the furnace.
5. The God asked to bring the two most **precious** things in the city.

D. State whether following statements are true or false :

Ans. 1. F 2. T 3. T 4. T

E. Answer the following questions :

- Ans.** 1. The prince was called happy because from his birth to his death he did not know as little about the pain and sorrow.
2. The swallow helped the prince by staying with him for one night and be his messages on his request.
3. According to the prince the swallow had done a good action or deed,

- she was feeling warm still it was cold.
- The swallow told him the stories what he had seen in strange land while he was sitting on Prince's shoulders.
 - The swallow wanted to bid a final goodbye to the Prince to kiss his hands.
 - The prince's leaden heart snapped right into two.
 - The Angel brought God the leaden heart and the dead bird.

Word World

F. Make compound words by joining words from the two lists. Write them on the blanks :

Ans. 1. wheel	(a) ground	wheel chair
2. note	(b) spread	note book
3. hard	(c) manager	hard ware
4. bed	(d) chair	bed spread
5. head	(e) book	head ache
6. thunder	(f) tennis	thunder storm
7. home	(g) storm	home work
8. play	(h) work	play ground
9. table	(i) ache	table tennis
10. home	(j) ware	home ground

Language Ladder

G. Fill in the blanks with the ing or ed forms of adjectives derived from the words in brackets :

- Ans.**
- This is a very **interesting** poem.
 - The naughty pup managed to chew the **concealed** wires.
 - My grandparents lead a **disciplined** life.
 - It is common these days to hear songs that are **modifying** versions of old hits.
 - The **losing** team bounced back and scored three golds.
 - Tina loves to sit in her father's **revolving** chair.
 - There were hardly any **working** days during the whole of last week.
 - Yuki Bhambri is a young and **promising** tennis player.

Talking Time

H. A good deed makes us feel warm (i.e., happy cheerful). Mention a few good deeds you have done or you could do.

Ans. Do it yourself

EXTEND

Write away

I. 'The living always think that gold can make them happy'. Extend his line in your words :

Ans. The living always think that gold can make them happy but that is not true at all. There is family which we belong to. We have parents who love us unconditional and take care of us. We need love to be happy and peace is more required than gold.

J. Do it yourself.

RELATE

Fun Time

K. What all you could do for your country and your countrymen. Make a list :

Ans. Following are some ideological things :

- Respect for certain things – Respect your Constitution, National flag, National Anthem, National symbols etc.
- Brings harmony – Promote harmony and the spirit of common brotherhood among all the people of country.
- Empower vulnerable section – Empower women, disabled persons, minorities, tribes etc, so that they can live with dignity and pride in the country.
- Protect natural environment – It is our duty to protect and improve the natural environment including forests, lakes, rivers, wild life, and to have compassion for living creatures.



Scratching the Tiger's Back

CONSOLIDATE

Read and Answer

A. Answer the following questions orally :

- Ans.** 1. The name of poet is Keki N Daruwalla.
2. Due to change of weather tiger also feels laziness as human beings do.

B. Tick (3) the correct answer :

- Ans.** 1. b. 2. c. 3. b. 4. a. 5. a.

C. Answer the following questions :

- Ans.** 1. When the tiger is not worried about his meals, he would be on the far bank and would never come even in dream.
2. The two common qualities in human beings and tigers are laziness and greediness.
3. When the tiger is well fed, he would show his laziness and make merry.

D. Explain these lines in your own words :

- Ans.** 1. In these lines the poet says, when it is cold, the tiger feels laziness and doesn't go out. So it can't be seen anywhere.
2. Here the tiger wants to describe the identity as the coexistence of good and bad evil. He says that even if you scratch my back I will not harm you because he is not in an active state of him. He needs rest only because he is full fed.

CREATE

Word World

E. Write one word for the following. Choose from the given words :

- Ans.** 1. One who serves in an army **Soldier**.
2. One who sails on a ship **Sailor**.
3. A meeting place of rivers **Confluence**.

4. A building or other structure built in memory of some event or person
Monument.
5. A person who travels for pleasure **Tourist.**
6. The study of cultures, of the past and periods of history by examining the remains of buildings and objects found in the ground
Archaeology.

Language Ladder

F. Underline the adjectival phrases in the sentences given below :

- Ans.** 1. We walked up the long winding mountainous path.
 2. John built a large wooden house.
 3. Florence Nightingale was a woman with a heart full of kindness.
 4. This shop manufactures furniture made of plastic.
 5. My father was a gentle man of few words.
 6. We walked up the long winding mountainous path.
 7. Many people saw a big bearded man run out of the shop.
 8. Peter bought the little, black-spotted puppy.

G. Change these sentences from negative to affirmative :

- Ans.** 1. Tina can run faster.
 2. He is sad there.
 3. Delhi is hotter than Mumbai.
 4. I shall always remember that day.
 5. Neha's sister is more hardworking than her.

EXTEND

Write Away

H. Paraphrase the first fourteen lines of the poem. You may begin like this :

- Ans.** It is rather unfortunate that the tiger is known only as a ferocious animal that attacks and kills. However, there are times when even a tiger wants to laze around and have someone scratch his back.



The Friend Who Came from the Sky

CONSOLIDATE

Read and Answer

A. Answer the following questions orally :

- Ans.** 1. Mini is a spastic person.
 2. The children were playing in the park.
 3. The name of the girl was Mini.
 4. She felt alone because she could not do anything and walk. She had also no friends to play with.

B. Tick (3) the correct option :

- Ans.** 1. c. 2. c. 3. b. 4. c.

C. Fill in the blanks :

- Ans.** 1. Shoveller is a kind of **book having knowledge about duck**.
 2. The children were thrilled to see **Mitra** being fed with an ink-filler.

3. The children requested Mini's mother to see **Mini and to take her with them in the park.**
4. Mini wanted to **play** with other children.
5. The children lifted mitra from Mini's lap and gently released him **into the lake.**

D. State whether the following statements are true and false :

Ans. 1. F 2. T 3. F 4. T 5. T

E. Answer the following questions :

- Ans.** 1. Mini in her wheelchair in the balcony was watching the children playing in the park.
2. She could not walk because she was a spastic.
3. Mitra was the name of duck given by Mini because she was following it as her dear friend.
4. Mini's father took all the children to the lake to depart the duck.
5. The turning point in Mini's life was that all the children became Mini's friend and afterwards Mini never felt loneliness again.

CREATE

Word World

F. Prefix each word with one of the prefix to form its opposite. The first one has been done for you :

- | | | | |
|---------------------------|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| Ans. 1. reversible | irreversible | 2. responsible | irresponsible |
| 3. patient | impatient | 4. curable | incurable |
| 5. mature | immature | 6. repairable | irrepairable |
| 7. capable | incapable | 8. movable | immovable |
| 9. human | inhuman | 10. possible | impossible |

Language Ladder

G. Fill in the blanks with the Present Perfect Tense of the verbs given in brackets :

- Ans.** 1. I **have fed** the dog.
2. I **have read** the book Oliver Twist.
3. I **have not seen** the boy since a long time.
4. I **have finished** my homework.
5. I **have lived** in this city for five years.
6. Rohan **has not** done the work so far.
7. John **has never been** to Mumbai.
8. I **have made** arrangements for your trip.

Talking Time

H. Do it yourself

EXTEND

Write Away

I. Do it yourself

RELATE

Fun Time

J. Do it yourself

CONSOLIDATE

Read and Answer

A. Answer the following questions orally :

- Ans.**
1. Do yourself
 2. Do yourself
 3. The fish died as they were used to fresh running water and not stagnant water.
 4. The frogs multiplied in number.

B. Tick (3) the correct option :

- Ans.** 1. c. 2. a. 3. c.

C. On the basis of your understanding of the text, complete the following with your own thoughts :

- Ans.**
1. The writer was wary of marigolds because on one occasion **he attended**.
 2. Once Dr Bhist looking at the writer remarked that **he was looking more healthy**.
 3. The writer's Granny surrounded her house with marigolds as **she was thinking that no snake would come**.
 4. The Grandfather of the writer had built a fountain which eventually **had been full of rainwater**.
 5. To get rid of the frogs, the stationmaster **dispatched them to the zoo as free gift**.

D. Answer the following questions :

- Ans.**
1. Marigold are constantly demanded at festivals, marriages, religious ceremonies, arrivals, departures and all kinds of functions.
 2. Yes, the writer was fond of food. I can say it for when looking his increasing health doctor advised him to cut his diet off, he was very sad.
 3. When the writer calls doctor his grandmother, the doctor thinks that the writer has the disease called Alzheimer.
 4. One day the writer brought some small fish from a canal to keep them in the pond but he didn't see the tadpoles and in this way the tadpols were brought by him.
 5. Along with small fish they were put in the fountain by the writer & Fresh water fish were died. While tadpoles were flourished into Frogs.
 6. Finally the frogs were sent to the zoo because it was only the best place for them.

Word World

E. Read advertisements and fill in the blanks with the correct names of the persons for the jobs mentioned :

- Ans.**
1. **English teacher** : First language English-Speak some French-Work in a language school and teach children. Write to Da Vinci School, Po Box 164, Delhi, India.
 2. **Chef** : Part-time job at Asian Garden Restaurant-Cook Chinese and South Indian food-Work evening.
Call Mr Nair — 9511678543
 3. **Receptionist** : Part-time or full-time job in doctor's office-Greet patients

- and answer the phone Dr Sinha 9511343692.
4. **Manager** : Full-time job in department store in T.V. and camera section-
Supervise 6 sales assistants-No evening work-Good salary
Call 9544-6210834 and ask for Mr Sharma.
 5. **Guide** : Take tourists on guided bus tours in Delhi-Need good English and
Spanish.
Phone-9511-920834.

Language Ladder

F. Now join the following sentences by using noun clause :

- Ans.**
1. I am sure. Ram is honest. **I am sure that Ram is honest.**
 2. We think. They will pass. **We think that they will pass.**
 3. It is correct. You have passed. **It is correct that you have passed.**
 4. You said something. We listened to it. **We listened what you said.**
 5. It is a fact. The Sun rises in the east. **It is fact that the sun rises in the east.**

G. Form adjectives from the following nouns. The first one is done for you :

- Ans.**
- | | | | |
|----------|------------------|------------|-----------------|
| 1. fool | foolish | 2. trouble | troubled |
| 3. bold | boldish | 4. gift | gifted |
| 5. laugh | laughable | 6. care | careful |
| 7. glory | glorious | 8. hope | hopeful |

EXTEND

Write Away

- Ans.** Do it yourself.

RELATE

Fun Time

- Ans.** Do it yourself.